# International Recommendation

## **OIML R 106-2**

Edition 2012 (E)

Automatic rail-weighbridges

Part 2: Test report format

Ponts-bascules ferroviaires à fonctionnement automatique

Partie 2: Format du rapport d'essais



Organisation Internationale de Métrologie Légale

International Organization of Legal Metrology

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#### **Foreword**

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- International Documents (OIML D), which are informative in nature and which are intended to harmonize and improve work in the field of legal metrology;
- International Guides (OIML G), which are also informative in nature and which are intended to give guidelines for the application of certain requirements to legal metrology;
- International Basic Publications (OIML B), which define the operating rules of the various OIML structures and systems; and

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International Recommendations, Documents, Guides and Basic Publications are published in English (E) and translated into French (F) and are subject to periodic revision.

Additionally, the OIML publishes or participates in the publication of **Vocabularies** (**OIML V**) and periodically commissions legal metrology experts to write **Expert Reports** (**OIML E**). Expert Reports are intended to provide information and advice, and are written solely from the viewpoint of their author, without the involvement of a Technical Committee or Subcommittee, nor that of the CIML. Thus, they do not necessarily represent the views of the OIML.

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#### 1 Introduction

This Test Report Format aims to present, in a standardized format, the results of the various tests and examinations to which a type of an automatic instrument for weighing rail-weighbridges shall be submitted with a view to its approval.

The Test Report Format consists of two parts, a "checklist" and the "test report" itself.

The checklist is a summary of the examinations carried out on the instrument. It includes the conclusions of the results of the test performed, experimental or visual checks based on the requirements of Part 1. The words or condensed sentences aim at reminding the examiner of the requirements in R 106-1 without reproducing them.

The test report is a record of the results of the tests carried out on the instrument. The test report forms have been produced based on the tests detailed in R 106-1.

All metrology services or laboratories evaluating types of automatic instruments for weighing rail wagons in motion (wagon mass) accordingly to R 106-1 or to national or regional regulations based on this OIML Recommendation are strongly advised to use this Test Report Format, directly or after translation into a language other than English or French. Its direct use in English or in French, or in both languages, is even more strongly recommended whenever test results may be transmitted by the country performing these tests to the approving authorities of another country, under bi- or multilateral cooperation agreements. In the framework of the OIML Certificate System for Measuring Instruments, use of this test report format is mandatory.

The "information concerning the test equipment used for type evaluation" shall cover all test equipment which has been used in determining the test results given in a report. The information may be a short list containing only essential data (name, type, reference number for purpose of traceability). For example:

- verification standards (accuracy, or accuracy class, and no.);
- simulator for testing of modules (name, type, traceability and no.);
- climatic test and static temperature chamber (name, type and no.);
- electrical tests, bursts, surges (name of the instrument, type and no.);
- description of the procedure of field calibration for the test of immunity to radiated electromagnetic fields.

Note concerning the numbering of the following pages:

In addition to a sequential numbering: "R 106-2 page ..." at the bottom of the pages of this publication, a special place is left at the top of each page (starting on page 7) for numbering the pages of reports established following this model; in particular, some tests (e.g. metrological performance tests) shall be repeated several times, each test being reported individually on a separate page following the relevant format; in the same way, a multiple range instrument shall be tested separately for each range and a separate form (including the general information form) shall be filled out for each range. For a given report, it is advisable to complete the sequential numbering of each page by the indication of the total number of pages of the report.

#### 2 Applicability of this Test Report Format

In this framework of the *OIML Basic Certificate Systems for Measuring Instruments*, and the OIML *Mutual Acceptance Arrangement* (MAA) applicable to instruments for weighing automatic rail-weighbridges in conformity with OIML R 106-1, use of this report format is mandatory, in French and/or in English with translation into national languages of the countries issuing such certificates, if applicable.

Implementation of this Test Report Format is informative with regard to the implementation of the OIML Recommendation R 106-1 in national regulations.

#### **3** Guidance for the application of this Test Report Format

Key to the symbols and expressions used in the following pages:

Symbol	Meaning
I	Indication
$I_n$	$n^{\mathrm{th}}$ indication
L	Load
$\Delta L$	Additional load to next changeover point
P	$I + 1/2 d - \Delta L$ = Indication prior to rounding (digital indication)
E	I - L or $P - L = Error$
$E_{ m c}$	Corrected error
$E_0$	Error at zero load
d	Scale interval
$d_{ m s}$	Scale interval for stationary load
$p_i$	Fraction of the MPE applicable to a module of the instrument which is examined separately
MPE	Maximum permissible error
EUT	Equipment under test
Max	Maximum capacity of the weighing instrument
Min	Minimum capacity of the weighing instrument
$U_{ m nom}$	Nominal voltage value marked on the instrument
$U_{ m max}$	Highest value of a voltage range marked on the instrument
$U_{ m min}$	Lowest value of a voltage range marked on the instrument
$v_{ m min}$	Minimum operating speed
$v_{ m max}$	Maximum operating speed
e.m.f	Electromotive force
I/O	Input / output ports
RF	Radio frequency
V/m	Volts per metre
kV	Kilovolt
DC	Direct current
AC	Alternating current
MHz	Megahertz
$nw_{\min}$	Minimum number of wagons per train
$nw_{\rm max}$	Maximum number of wagons per train

The name(s) or symbol(s) of the unit(s) used to express test results shall be specified in each form.

For each test, the "SUMMARY OF TYPE EVALUATION" and the "CHECKLIST" shall be completed according to this example:

when the instrument has passed the test:

when the instrument has failed the test:

when the test is not applicable: X X

The white spaces in the boxes in the headings of the report should always be filled in according to the following example:

	At start	At end	
Temp.:	20.5	21.1	°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:	2012-10-29	2012-10-30	yyyy-mm-dd
Time:	16:00:05	16:30:25	hh:mm:ss
Bar pres.:			hPa

<sup>&</sup>quot;Date" in the test report refers to the date on which the test was performed.

In the disturbance tests, faults greater than d are acceptable provided that they are detected and acted upon, or that they result from circumstances such that these faults shall not be considered as significant; an appropriate explanation shall be given in the column "Yes (remarks)".

Section numbers in brackets refer to the corresponding subclauses of R 106-1.

#### 4 The evaluation report

The format of the report is given on the following pages.

V

## A General information concerning the type

Application no.:		Manufacturer:
Type designation:		Applicant:
Instrument category:		<u>.</u>
Testing on:  Full draugh  Complete in	t weighbridge nstrument	Partial draught weighbridge  Module 1
Accuracy class: 0.2	0.5	1 2
Maximum capacity =	Max wagon weight =	
T = +	T = -	d = $d =$
$U_{ m nom}$ = $oxed{V}$ $U_{ m min}$ = $oxed{V}$	$oldsymbol{V} oldsymbol{U}_{max}$ =	= $V$ $f=$ $Hz$ Battery, $U=$
Zero-setting device:	Tare device:	
Non-automatic	Tare balance	cing Combined zero/tare device
Semi-automatic	Tare weigh	ning
Automatic zero-setting		
Initial zero-setting		
Zero-tracking		
Initial zero-setting range:	% of Max	Temperature range: °C
Printer: Built-in C	onnected	Not present but connectable No connection
Instrument submitted:		Load sensor:
Identification no.:  Software version:		Manufacturer: Type:
Connected equipment:		Capacity:
·		Number:
Interfaces (number, nature):		Classification symbol:
		Remarks:
		<del></del>
Evaluation period:		
Date of report:		<u> </u>
Observer:		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The test equipment (simulator or part of a complete instrument) connected to the module shall be defined in the test form(s) used.

## A General information concerning the type (continued)

Use this space to indicate additional remarks and / or information: other connected equipment, interfaces and load cells, choice of the manufacturer regarding protection against disturbances, etc.

B Identification o	f the instrument		
Application no.:		Type designation:	
Identification no.:		Manufacturer:	
Software version:			
Report date:		_	
Manufacturing documentati	on		
(Record as necessary to identify	fy the equipment under test)		
System or module name	Drawing number or software reference	Issue level	Serial no.
		_	
Simulator documentation			
System or module name	Drawing number or software reference	Issue level	Serial no.
Simulator for ation (surrous			

**Simulator function (summary)** 

(Simulator description and drawings, block diagram, etc. should be attached to the report if available.)

## B Identification of the instrument (continued)

Description or other information pertaining to identification of the instrument:  $(attach\ photograph\ here\ if\ available)$ 

## C Information concerning the test equipment used for type evaluation

Application no.:  Leport date:		Type designation  Manufacturer:	n: 	
ist all test equipment us	sed in this report (including	descriptions of the reference	ce vehicles used for testing	<u> </u>
Equipment name	Manufacturer	Type no.	Serial no.	Used for (test reference:

options, etc. for the instrument and / or simulator.

<b>C.2</b>	Configuration for test		
Applica	ation no.:	Type designation:	
Report	date:	Manufacturer:	
Use this	s space for additional information relating t	o equipment configuration, interfa	ces, data rates, load cells EMC protection

## D Summary of type evaluation

Application no.:	Type designation:
Report date:	Manufacturer:

Section R 106-2	TESTS		Report page	Passed	Failed	Remarks
Е	Zero-setting					
F	Warm-up time					
G.1	Static temperatures					
G.2	Temperature effect or	no load indication				
G.3	Damp heat, steady sta	ite				
G.4	Mains or battery pow	er supply variations				
H.1	AC mains short time	power reduction				
		Mains power supply lines				
H.2	Bursts/transients on:	Signal and communication lines				
		Mains power supply lines				
H.3	Surges on:	Any other kind of power supply lines				
		Signal and communication lines				
	Electrostatic	Direct application				
H.4	discharges:	Indirect application (contact discharges only)				
H.5	Immunity to electromagnetic	Radiated				
п.э	fields:	Conducted				
I	Span stability test					
J.1	Accuracy of zero-sett	ing				
J.2	Determination of wei	ghing performance				
J.2.1	Weighing test					
J.2.2	Eccentricity test					
J.2.3	Discrimination test					
J.2.4	Repeatability test					
J.2.5	Stability of	Printing, storage				
J.2.3	equilibrium:	Zero-setting				
K.1	Full draught weighing of reference wagons					
K.2	Partial draught weighing of reference wagons					
K.3	Rail alignment correction procedure					
L	In-motion weighing					
M	Examination of the co	onstruction				
N	Checklist					

## D Summary of type evaluation (continued)

Use this page to detail remarks from the summary of the type evaluation.

## **E Zero-setting** (3.2.7, A.5.2)

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:	Bar. pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d)				_

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$ E = I - L or P - L = Error

#### E.1 Range of zero-setting (A.5.2.1)

Zero-setting mode	Positive zero limit load, $L_1$	Negative zero limit load, $L_2$	Range, $L_1 + L_2$	% of maximum load
Passed	Failed			
Remarks:				

#### E.2 Accuracy of zero-setting (A.5.2.2)

Zero-setting mode	$\Delta L$	$E = \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$	MPE
Passed	Failed		
Remarks:			

## F Warm-up time (4.3.4, A.6.1)

				At start	At end	
Application no.:	_		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	_		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, <i>d</i> :	_		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during (smaller than <i>d</i> )	test:		Bar. pres.:			hPa
Duration of disc	onnection be	efore test:		hours		
Non-existen $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$	t $-L$ ted prior to e			Out of working (unloaded)	g range I	n operation <sup>2</sup>
	Time*	Load, L	Indication, <i>I</i>	Add. load, $\Delta L$	Error	$E_{\rm L}-E_0$
Unloaded					$E_{0I} =$	
Loaded	0 min				$E_{ m L}$ =	
Unloaded					$E_0 =$	
Loaded	5 min				$E_{ m L}$ =	
Unloaded					$E_0 =$	
Loaded	15 min				$E_{\rm L}$ =	
Unloaded	20.				$E_0 =$	
Loaded	30 min				$E_{ m L}$ =	
* Counted from the	ne moment a	n indication has fir	st appeared.			
		Error		MPE		
a)	Initial zer	ro-setting error, $E_{0I}$		≤ 0.25 <i>d</i>		
b)	Maximun	n value of error un	loaded, $E_0$	≤ 0.25 <i>d</i>		
Check if:	Maximun	n value of zero var	iation, $E_0 - E_{0I}$	$\leq 0.25 d$		
d)	Maximun	n value of error loa	aded, $E_{\rm L} - E_0$	$\leq 0.25 \ d \times P_i$		
Passed		Failed				
Remarks:						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  In operation only if zero operates as part of every automatic weighing cycle

#### **G.1** Static temperatures (2.7.1.1, A.7.2.1)

#### G.1.1 Reference temperature of 20 $^{\circ}$ C

						At start	At er	nd	
Application no	.:			T	emp.:			°C	
Type designation	on:			— R	el. h.:			%	
Observer:					Date:			уу	yy-mm-dd
Scale interval,	d:				Time:			hh	:mm:ss
Resolution duri (smaller than d				Bar.	pres.:			hP	'a
Automatic zer			ing device is			out of working	g range	In oper	ation
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta$ $E_{c} = E - E_{0} \text{ wit}$		calculated a	at or near ze	ro (*)					
	Indica	tion, I		load,	Е	error, E	Corrected	d error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
Load, L	$\downarrow$	$\uparrow$	$\Delta L$		↓ ↑ ↑		<b>↓</b> ↑		
(*)					(*)				
								<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Check if $E_c \le N$ Passed  Remarks:	ИРЕ 	Failed							

Passed

Remarks:

Failed

						At start	At e	end	
pplication no	ı.:			,	Гетр.:			°C	;
ype designati	on:			Rel. h.:				%	
bserver:				_	Date:			уу	yy-mm-do
cale interval,	d:				Time:			hh	:mm:ss
esolution dur	ing test:			— Bar	. pres.:			hF	<b>'</b> a
smaller than d	D						•		
	•	1 1	. ,						
Automatic zei Non-exis						t of working			4:
Non-exis	tent		Not in operat	1011		it of working	range	In oper	ation
$I = I + \frac{1}{2}d - A$		1 1 4 1		(*)					
$E_{\rm c} = E - E_0$ with	$E_0 = \text{error}$	calculated a					_		
Load, L	Indica	ation, I	Add. Δ		En	ror, E	Correcte	ed error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPI
Load, L	$\downarrow$	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	$\uparrow$	<b>↓</b>	$\uparrow$	
(*)					(*)				

G.1.	G.1.3 Static temperatures (specified low =°C)												
					At start	At e	end						
Appl	ication no.:		Te	emp.:				°C					
Type	designation:		Re	el. h.:				%					
Obse	rver:			Date:				yyyy-mm-dd					
Scale	e interval, d:			ime:				hh:mm:ss					
Reso	lution during test:		Bar. 1	ores.:				hPa					
(sma	ller than d)							_					
Aut	omatic zero-setting and zero	o-trac	cking device is:										
	Non-existent		Not in operation		Out of working ra	inge	In	operation					

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$  $E_c = E - E_0 \text{ with } E_0 = \text{error calculated at or near zero (*)}$ 

Load, L	Indica	ation, I	Add. Δ	load, <i>L</i>	Erro	or, E	Corrected	MPE	
Load, L	$\downarrow$	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	$\uparrow$	
(*)					(*)				

Check if $E_c \leq MPE$	
Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

## G.1.4 Static temperatures (5 °C if the specified low temperature is $\leq$ 0 °C)

							At start	At e	end		
Application no.	:			T	emp.:					°C	
Type designation	on:			R	el. h.:					%	
Observer:				_	Date:					уууу	-mm-dd
Scale interval, a	<i>l</i> :				Time:					hh:m	m:ss
Resolution duri (smaller than d)				Bar.	pres.:					hPa	
Automatic zero  Non-exist $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta$	ent		ing device i Vot in opera			Out	of working	range	In	operati	on
$E_{\rm c} = E - E_0$ with		calculated a	it or near ze	ro (*)							
Load, L	Indica	tion, I		load, L		Erro	or, E	Correcte	ed error,	$E_{\rm c}$	MPE
Loud, L	<b>↓</b>	<b>↑</b>					$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	<u></u>		
(*)					(*)						
									1		
				l				<u> </u>			
Check if $E_c \le M$ Passed Remarks:	IPE	Failed									

## G.1.5 Static temperatures (Reference temperature of 20 $^{\circ}$ C)

						At start	At	end	
Application no	.:			Т	emp.:			0(	С
Type designation	on:			— R	el. h.:			9/	Ó
Observer:					Date:			у	yyy-mm-dd
Scale interval,	d:				Time:			h	h:mm:ss
Resolution duri (smaller than d				Bar.	pres.:			h	Pa
Automatic zer			ing device is Not in operat			Out of worki	ing range	In ope	eration
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta$ $E_{c} = E - E_{0} \text{ wit}$		calculated a	at or near zer	o (*)					
	Indica	tion, I	Add. Δ			Error, E	Correct	ted error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
Load, L	$\downarrow$	$\uparrow$	L ↑	<b>\</b>	<b>↑</b>	$\downarrow$	<b>↑</b>		
(*)					(*)				
Check if $E_c \le N$ Passed	ИРЕ	Failed			<u>'</u>	1	·	1	•
Remarks:									

G.2 T	'emp	erature	e effect o	n no-loa	d indication	(2.7.1.2, A.7.	2.2)			
Application	n no	.:								
Type desig	gnati	on:		-			•			
Observer:										
Scale inter	rval,	d:		_			•			
Resolution	ı dur	ing test (	smaller tl	nan <i>d</i> ):						
Automatic	zero	-setting a	and zero-	tracking d	evice is:					
Non-	existe	ent		Not in	operation	Ou	ıt of workiı	ng range	In op	eration
$P = I + \frac{1}{2} a$	$-\Delta I$	L								
Report page		Date	Time	Temp (°C)	Zero indication, <i>I</i>	Add. load, $\Delta L$	P	$\Delta P$	ΔTemp	Zero-change per 5 °C
A.D. 1:00		C D C			1:00					
					sts at different consecutive tes		temperatui	es		
Check if the	e zer	o-change	per 5 °C	is smaller	r than d					
Passe	ed		Fai	led						
Remarks:										

## **G.3** Damp heat, steady state (4.3.3, A.7.2.3)

## G.3.1 Reference temperature of 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 50 % humidity

					At start	After i		At end	
Application no.	:			Temp.:					°C
Type designation	on:			Rel. h.:					%
Observer:				Date:					yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, a	<i>1</i> :			Time:					hh:mm:ss
Resolution duri			Ва	ır. pres.:					hPa
(smaller than d)	)								
	•	1 . 1	. ,						
Automatic zero			ing device is Not in operat		Out	of working	range	In on	eration
Non-exist	ent		vot in operat	1011		or working	range	In op	cration
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta$ $E_{c} = E - E_{0} \text{ with}$		calculated a	ıt or near zei	o (*)					
	Indica	tion, I	Add. Δ		En	ror	Correcte	ed error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
Load, L	Load, $L$ $\downarrow$ $\uparrow$		↓	<u></u>	<b>↓</b>	$\uparrow$	<b>↓</b>	<b>↑</b>	
(*)					(*)				
Check if $E_c \leq N$	1PE								
Passed		Failed							
Remarks:									

## G.3.2 Upper limit temperature (..... $^{\circ}$ C) and 85 % humidity

					At start	After hours		At end	
Application no.	:			Temp.:					°C
Type designation	on:			Rel. h.:					%
Observer:				Date:					yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, a	<i>l</i> :			Time:					hh:mm:ss
Resolution duri (smaller than d)			Ba	ar. pres.:					hPa
(Sinurier triair a)	,								
Automatic zero	o-setting and	d zero-track	ing device i	s:					
Non-exist		_	Not in opera		Out	of working	range	In op	eration
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta$ $E_{c} = E - E_{0} \text{ with}$		calculated a	at or near ze	ro (*)					
	Indica	tion, I		load,	Er	ror	Correct	ed error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
Load, L	$\downarrow$	<b>↑</b>	$\downarrow$	$L$ $\uparrow$	<b>↓</b>	$\uparrow$	<b>↓</b>	<b>↑</b>	
(*)					(*)				
				<u> </u>	1	l	1	1	
Check if $E_c \leq N$	1PE								
Passed		Failed							
Remarks:									

## G.3.3 Reference temperature of 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 50 % humidity

					At start	After 2	4	At end	
Application no.	.:			Temp.:					°C
Type designation	on:			Rel. h.:					%
Observer:				Date:					yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval,	d:			Time:					hh:mm:ss
Resolution duri			Ba	ar. pres.:					hPa
(smaller than d	)								
Automatic zer	o-setting and	d zero-track	ing device is	s:					
Non-exist			Not in operat		Out	of working	range	In ope	eration
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta$ $E_{c} = E - E_{0} \text{ with}$		calculated a	nt or near zei	ro (*)					
	Indica	tion, I	Add. Δ		En	ror	Correcte	ed error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
Load, L	$\downarrow$	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	<i>L</i> ↑	<b>↓</b>	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	$\uparrow$	
(*)					(*)				
Check if $E_c \leq N$	ИРЕ								
Passed		Failed							
Remarks:									

#### G.4 Mains or battery power supply voltage variations (2.7.2, A.7.2.4, A.7.2.5, A.7.2.6)

				At start	At en	d				
Application no.:	_		Тетр	o.:		°C				
Type designation:	_		Rel. h	ı.:		%				
Observer:			Dat	e:		уууу-п	ım-dd			
Scale interval, d:	_		Time	e:		hh:mm	:ss			
Resolution during to	est:		Bar. pres	s.:		hPa				
(smaller than d)	_		<del></del>			<u> </u>				
AC mains power supply, A.7.2.4  DC mains power supply, A.7.2.5  Battery power supply (DC), A.7.2.6  Supply voltage <sup>3</sup> : $U_{\text{nom}} =                                  $										
		1	1 1			1 -				
Voltage	<i>U</i> (V)	Load, L	Indication, <i>I</i>	Add. load, $\Delta L$	Error, E	Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE			
Deference value										
Reference value										
I1::4										
Lower limit	Lower limit									
Upper limit										
Passed Remarks:		Failed	,							

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  Calculate lower and upper limits of applied voltages according to 2.7.2. If a voltage-range ( $U_{\rm min}$  /  $U_{\rm max}$ ) is marked, use the average value as the reference value,  $U_{\rm nom}$ 

## G.4 Mains or battery power supply voltage variations (continued)

|--|--|

<i>U</i> (V)	Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i>	Add. load, $\Delta L$	Error, <i>E</i>	Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
	-					

Passed	Failed	
Remarks:		
Category of power sur	only (if an instrument has more than one power supply:	

Voltage	<i>U</i> (V)	Load, L	Indication, I	Add. load, $\Delta L$	Error, E	Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
Reference value							
Lower limit							
Upper limit							

Passed	Failed		
Remarks:			

## **H Disturbances** (4.1.2, A.7.3)

#### H.1 AC mains voltage dips and short interruptions (A.7.3.1)

			At start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	_	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d:	_	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:	_	Bar. pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d)					
Automatic zero-setting and zero	ero-tracking device is:				
Non-existent	Not in operation		Out of working 1	range	In operation
Marked nominal voltage, $U_{\rm ne}$	om, or voltage range <sup>4</sup> :		V		
Load, L:					

	Distur	Result					
Amplitude	Duration	Number of	Repetition interval	Indication,	Significant fault (> d) or detection and reaction		
(% of $U_{\text{nom}}$ )	(cycles)	disturbances	(s)	I	No	Yes (remarks)	
	without di	sturbance					
0	0.5	10					
0	1	10					
40	10	10					
70	25	10					
80	250	10					
0	250	10					

	Passed		Failed
Note:	If significant f	aults	are detected and acted upon or if the EUT fails, the test point at which this o

Remarks:

shall be recorded.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  If a voltage-range ( $U_{
m min}$  /  $U_{
m max}$ ) is marked, use the average value as the reference value,  $U_{
m nom}$ 

# H.2 Bursts/transients on the mains power supply lines and on signal and communication lines (A.7.3.2)

#### **H.2.1** Mains power supply lines

				At start	At end	
Application	n no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type design	nation:		Rel. h.:	_		%
Observer:			Date:	_		yyyy-mm-do
Scale interval, d:  Resolution during test: (smaller than d)			Time:			hh:mm:ss
			Bar. pres.:			hPa
Automatic	zero-setting and zer	o-tracking device is:				
Non-	existent	Not in operation		Out of working	range In	operation
Load, L:						
Loau, L.						
Voltage sup	oply lines: test voltag	ge 2.0 kV (peak value),	duration of the	e test > 1 minute	at each polarity	
	Distu	ırbance		Resu	ılt	
			T 1' 4'	Significant fault (> d) or detection and reaction		
	Disturbance	Polarity	Indication I	, or o	Yes (remarks	
	without o	disturbance				
	line	positive				
	↓ ground	negative				
	without o	disturbance				
	neutral	positive				
	↓ ground	negative				
	-	disturbance				
	protective earth	positive				
	↓ ground	negative				
Passe	ed F	ailed		, '		
	f significant faults are hall be recorded.	e detected and acted up	on, or if the El	UT fails, the test	point at which this	occurs
Remarks:						

#### H.2.2 Signal and communication lines

			At start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d:		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:		Bar. pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d)					
Automatic zero-setting and z	zero-tracking device is:  Not in operation		Out of working	range	In operation

Signal and communication lines: test voltage 1.0 kV, duration of the test > 1 minute at each polarity

Disturb	pance	Result				
Bursts on cable / interface Polarity		Indication,	Significant fault (> d) or detection and reaction			
(Type, nature)		I	No	Yes (remarks)		
without dis	without disturbance					
	positive					
	negative					
without dis	sturbance					
	positive					
	negative					
without dis	without disturbance					
	positive					
	negative					
without dis	sturbance					
	positive					
	negative					
without dis	sturbance					
	positive					
	negative					
without dis	without disturbance					
	positive					
	negative					

Remarks:

#### H.2.2 Signal and communication lines (continued)

Use the space below to explain or make a sketch indicating where the clamp is located on the cable.

Passed Failed

Note: If significant faults are detected and acted upon, or if the EUT fails, the test point at which this occurs shall be recorded.

#### H.3 Surges on mains power supply lines and on signal and communication lines (A.7.3.3)

## **H.3.1** Mains power supply lines<sup>5</sup>

			At start	At Cliu	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d:		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:		Bar. pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d)					<u> </u>
Automatic zero-setting and ze	ero-tracking device is:				
Non-existent	Not in operation	l	Out of working 1	range	n operation
Load, L:					

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  Test voltage 1.0 kV (line to line) and 2.0 kV (line to earth) for 1 minute at each amplitude and polarity

## **H.3.1** Mains power supply lines (continued)

Disturbance					Result			
3 positive and 3 negative surges synchron AC supply voltage  Amplitude/ angle			nously with	Indication	Significant fault (> d) or detection and reaction			
Amplitude/ apply on	0°	90°	180°	270°	Polarity	marcarion	No	Yes (remarks)
				withou	t disturbance			
					positive			
	X				negative			
1.0 kV line		37			positive			
$\downarrow$		X			negative			
neutral			v		positive			
			X		negative			
				V	positive			
				X	negative			
	without disturbance							
	X				positive			
2.0 kV				negative				
line	X	v			positive			
↓ protective				negative				
earth			X		positive			
					negative			
				X	positive			
				Λ	negative			
	without disturbance							
	X				positive			
	71				negative			
2.0 kV neutral		X			positive			
$\downarrow$		A			negative			
protective earth		X			positive			
			A .		negative			
				X	positive			
				Λ	negative			

Passed	Failed

Remarks:

## H.3.2 Any other kind of power supply<sup>6</sup>

				At start	At end	_	
Application no.:			Temp.:			°C	
Type designation:			Rel. h.:			%	
Observer:			Date:			yyyy-mm-dd	
Scale interval, d:			Time:			hh:mm:ss	
Resolution during to	est:		Bar. pres.:			hPa	
(smaller than <i>d</i> )						•	
Kind or type of pow	er supply	:					
	Γ	OC Othe	r form		Voltage	V	
Automatic zero-set	ting and z	ero-tracking device	is:				
Non-existent		Not in oper		ıt of worki	ing range In	operation	
Load, L:							
	Disturb	ance		Re	sult		
3 positi	3 positive and 3 negative surges		Indication,		Significant fault (> d) or detection and reaction		
Amplitude		Polarity	I I	No			
	ithout dis	turbance					
1.0 kV	line	positive					
↓ neutr	al:	negative					
W	ithout dis	turbance					
2.0 kV	line	positive					
protective	e earth	negative					
	ithout dis	turbance					
2.0 kV n	eutral	positive					
protective	e earth	negative					
Use another page for	r addition	al tast satur inform	ation				
Ose another page 10	addition	ar test setup inform	ation.				
Passed		Failed					
Note: If signification shall be re-		are detected and act	ed upon, or if the EUT	fails, the to	est point at which this	occurs	
Remarks:							

 $<sup>^6</sup>$  Test voltage 1.0 kV (line to line) and 2.0 kV (line to earth) for 1 minute at each amplitude and polarity

#### H.3.3 Surges on signal and communication lines

			At start		At end
Application no.:		Te	emp.:		°C
Type designation:		Re	el. h.:		%
Observer:	·		Date:		yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d:		T	ime:		hh:mm:ss
Resolution during to	est:	Bar. p	ores.:		hPa
(smaller than d)	-		<u>-</u>	•	
Automatic zero-set	ting and zero-tracking de	vice is:			
Non-existent	Not in	operation	Out of work	ing range	In operation
				Result	
Cable/interface	Polarity	T 1	Indication,	S	ignificant fault (>1 d)
		Load	I	No	Yes (remarks)
without	t disturbance				
5/1.1	positive				
C/1,1	negative				
without disturbance					
	positive				
C/1,2	negative				
without disturbance					
	positive				
C/1,3	negative				
without	disturbance				
~ · ·	positive				
C/1,4	negative				
without	disturbance				
24.5	positive				
C/1,5	negative				
without	disturbance				
	positive				
C/1,6	negative				
Note: Explain or n	nake a sketch indicating v	where the clamp is	located on the cab	e; if necess	sary, add additional page.
Passed	Failed				
Remarks:					

#### **H.4** Electrostatic discharges (A.7.3.4)

#### H.4.1 **Direct application**

					At start	At end		
App	lication no.:			Temp.:			°C	
Тур	e designation:			Rel. h.:			%	
Obs	erver:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd		
Scal	e interval, d:			Time:			hh:mm:ss	
	olution during test: aller than $d$ )		Ba	r. pres.:			hPa	
	Contact discharge Air discharges	es		Paint penetrati		ositiven	egative	
	Non-existent ad, L:		levice is: n operation	Out	of working	range In	operation	
	]	Discharges				Result		
	Test voltage <sup>8</sup>	Number of	Repetition	Indication,	,	Significant fault (> d) or detection and reaction		
	(kV)	discharges ≥ 10	interval (s)	I	No	Yes (remarks,		
	with	out disturbance						
	2							
	4							
	6							
	8 (air discharges)							
	Passed	Failed						
Note	e: If significant faul shall be recorded.		nd acted upon, or	if the EUT fa	ils, the test	point at which this	occurs	

Tiec 61000-4-2 specifies that the test shall be conducted with the most sensitive polarity

8 Tests shall be performed at the specified lower levels, starting with 2 kV and proceeding with 2 kV steps up to and including the level specified above in accordance with IEC 61000-4-2

# H.4.2 Indirect application (contact discharges only)

				At star	t	At end	
Appl	lication no.:		T	emp.:			°C
Туре	e designation:		R	el. h.:			%
Obse	erver:			Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale	e interval, d:			Time:			hh:mm:ss
Reso	olution during test:		Bar.	pres.:			hPa
(sma	ller than d)						
Aut	omatic zero-setting	and zero-tracking of	levice is:				
	Non-existent	Not in	n operation	Out of wor	king range	In o	peration
Loa	ad, <i>L</i> :						
Pol	arity:	positive	negative				
Hori	izontal coupling pl	ane:		,			
		Discharges			Res		
	Test	Number of	Repetition interval	Indication,		ignificant faul detection and i	
	voltage (kV)	discharges ≥ 10	(s)	I	No	Yes (rea	
		without disturbance					
	2						
	4						
	6						
Vert	ical coupling plane	):		,	<u>'</u>		
		Discharges			Res	sult	
	Test	Number of	Repetition	Indication		ignificant faul	
	voltage (kV)	discharges ≥ 10	interval (s)	Indication, I	No	detection and a	
		without disturbance			110	Tes (res	marks)
	2	without disturbance					
	4						
	6						
	0						
	Passed	Failed					
Note	: If significant for shall be record	aults are detected and led.	nd acted upon, or i	f the EUT fails, the	test point	at which this o	ccurs
Rem	arks:						

## H.4 Electrostatic discharges (A.7.3.4) (continued)

Specification of test points of EUT (direct application), e.g. by photos or sketches

a) Direct application

Contact discharges:

Air discharges:

b) Indirect application

# H.5 Immunity to electromagnetic fields (A.7.3.5)

# $H.5.1 \quad \ Radiated \ electromagnetic \ fields \ (A.7.3.5.1)$

					At start	t	At end	
Application no.:			Ter	np.:				°C
Type designation	n:		Rel	. h.:				%
Observer:			_ D	ate:				yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d	:		— Ti	me:				hh:mm:ss
Resolution during $(smaller than d)$	ng test:		Bar. p	res.:				hPa
Rate of swee	ep:	Load:			Mate	erial load	:	
	Distu	ırbance					Result	
Antenna	Frequency range	Polarization	Facing	Ind	ication,			ant fault (> d) on and reaction
	(MHz)		EUT		Ι	No	Yes	(remarks)
	without c	listurbance						
			Front					
		Vertical	Right					
		Vertical	Left					
			Rear					
			Front					
		Horizontal	Right					
		Horizontai	Left					
			Rear					
			Front					
		37 (* 1	Right					
		Vertical	Left					
			Rear					
			Front					
			Right					
		Horizontal	Left					
			Rear					
Note: If the Passed	50 ohms): is 26 MHz if th EUT fails, the f	80 MHz <sup>(1)</sup> to 2000 10 V/m 80 % AM, 1 kHz, he test according to A. frequency and field st	sine wave 7.3.5.2 cann					ports.
Remarks:								

## H.5.2 Conducted electromagnetic fields (A.7.3.5.2)

					At start		At end	
Application no.:			, .	Гетр.:				°C
Type designation				Rel. h.:				%
Observer:	•			Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, <i>d</i> :	•			Time:				hh:mm:ss
Resolution during (smaller than <i>d</i> )	test:		Bar	. pres.:				hPa
Rate of sweep	:		Load:		Mate	rial load:		
	Distu	ırbance				R	Result	
Frequency range	Cable /	interface	Level (Volts RMS)	Ind	ication, I		Significant	
(MHz)			(VOIIS KIVIS)			No	Yes	(remarks)
	without o	disturbance	1					
	without o	disturbance	1					
	without o	disturbance						
	without o	disturbance						
	without o	disturbance						
	without o	disturbance						
Test severity: Frequency ranger RF amplitude Modulation:  Note: If the E  Passed  Remarks:	(50 ohms):	10 V (e 80 % A	Hz – 80 MHz e.m.f.) M, 1 kHz, sine w d field strength at		is occurs sh	all be rec	orded.	

## H.5 Immunity to electromagnetic fields (A.7.3.5) (continued)

Include a description of the setup of the EUT, e.g. by photos or sketches.

Note: If the EUT fails, the frequency and field strength at which this occurs shall be recorded.

Radiated:

Conducted:

## I Span stability (6.3.3, A.8)

Appli	cation no.:							
Type	designation:							
Scale	interval, d:							
Reso	ution during test:							
(smal	ler than d)							
Auto	omatic zero-settin	g and zero-tracki	ng device is	s:				
	Non-existent	N	lot in operat	ion	Out of working	ng range		
Zero	load =		Τe	est load =				
Me	asurement no.	1 · Initial meas	urement		At	start	At end	
	lication no.:	1. Initial incus	ui cincii	7	Cemp.:			°C
	e designation:				Rel. h.:			%
		-						
	erver:				Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
	ditions of the surement				Time:			hh:mm:ss
inca	surement			Bar.	pres.:			hPa
$E_0 = I$	$I_0 + \frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L_0 -$	$L_0 \qquad E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$	$\sqrt{2} d - \Delta L - I$	S				
No.	Indication	Add. load,	$E_0$	Indication	Add. load,	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{ m L}-E_0$	Corrected
	of zero, $I_0$	$\Delta L_0$	<i>L</i> <sub>0</sub>	of load, $I_{\rm L}$	$\Delta L$	LL	$E_{\rm L} - E_0$	value <sup>9</sup>
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
Ave	rage error = avera	age $(E_{\rm L} - E_0)$						
$(E_{L}$	$-E_0)_{\text{max}}-(E_{\text{L}}-E_{\text{L}})$	201 <sub>min</sub> −	1	1				

If  $\left| (E_{\rm L} - E_0)_{\rm max} - (E_{\rm L} - E_0)_{\rm min} \right| \le 0.1 \ d$ , the loading and reading will be sufficient for each of the subsequent measurements.

Remarks:

0.1 d =

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

# I Span stability (6.3.3, A.8) (continued)

Subsequent	measureme	nts
Subscutelli	measur eme	SHLS

	ach of the subsequener the measuremen				the "condition	ons of th	ne measu	rement", as ap	propriate,
	the temperature te	est, the EUT hav	ving been st	abilized for a	t least 16 h				
	the damp heat test	t, the EUT havi	ng been stal	bilized for at	least 16 h				
	the EUT has been	disconnected f	rom the ma	ins for at leas	t 8 h and the	n stabili:	zed for a	t least 5 h	
	any change in the	test location							
	any other specific	condition:							
	-								
Me	asurement no. 2				_	At st	tart	At end	_
App	lication no.:				Temp.:				°C
Тур	e designation:				Rel. h.:				%
Obs	erver:				Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
Con	ditions of the				Time:				hh:mm:ss
mea	surement				Bar. pres.:				hPa
$E_0 = 1$	$I_0 + \frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$	$d - \Delta L - L$						
No.	Indication of zero, $I_0$	Add. load, $\Delta L_0$	$E_0$	Indication of load, I		,	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}-E_0$	Corrected value 10
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
If fi	ve loadings and rea	dings have been	n performed	l:	Averaş	ge error	= averag	se $(E_{\rm L}-E_0)$	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 10}$  When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

#### I Span stability (6.3.3, A.8) (continued)

	_	-							
Me	asurement no. 3					At sta	rt	At end	
App	olication no.:				Temp.:				°C
Typ	e designation:				Rel. h.:				%
Obs	server:				Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
Cor	nditions of the				Time:				hh:mm:ss
	asurement			В	ar. pres.:				hPa
$E_0 =$	$I_0 + \frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$	$d - \Delta L - L$		_				
No.	Indication of zero, $I_0$	Add. load, $\Delta L_0$	$E_0$	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. Δ		$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}-E_0$	Corrected value 11
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
Rem		C						$(E_{\rm L}-E_0)$	
	asurement no. 4					At sta	rt	At end	٥٩
	olication no.:	-			Temp.:				°C
	e designation:				Rel. h.:				%
Obs	server:	-			Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
	nditions of the				Time:				hh:mm:ss
mea	surement			B	ar. pres.:				hPa
$E_0 =$	$I_0 + \frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$	$d - \Delta L - L$						
No.	Indication	Add. load,	$E_0$	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. Δ		$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}-E_0$	Corrected value 12
1	of zero, $I_0$	$\Delta L_0$		or road, IL	Δ.				value
2									
3									
4									
5									

If five loadings and readings have been performed:

Average error = average  $(E_L - E_0)$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks. <sup>12</sup> When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

#### Span stability (6.3.3, A.8) (continued) I

Me	asurement no. 5					At	start	At	end	
App	olication no.:			F	Гетр.:				d	C
Тур	e designation:				Rel. h.:				Ģ	%
Obs	erver:	-			Date:				3	yyy-mm-dd
Con	ditions of the				Time:				h	nh:mm:ss
	surement			Bar	. pres.:				h	nPa
$E_0 =$	$I_0 + \frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L - L$							
No.	Indication of zero, $I_0$	Add. load,	$E_0$	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$		load, L	$E_{ m L}$		$E_{\rm L} - E_0$	Corrected value 13
1	01 Ze10, I <sub>0</sub>	$\Delta L_0$		or road, 1 <sub>L</sub>	Δ	L				value
2										
3										
4										
5										
If fi	ve loadings and rea	adings have bee	en performed	1:	Averaş	ge erroi	= avera	ge (E <sub>L</sub> -	- E <sub>0</sub> )	
Me	asurement no. 6					At	start	At	end	
App	lication no.:			F	Гетр.:				C	C
Тур	e designation:				Rel. h.:				ç	%
Obs	erver:				Date:				7	yyy-mm-dd
Con	ditions of the				Time:				ŀ	nh:mm:ss
	surement			Bar	. pres.:				ŀ	ıPa
$E_0 = 1$	$I_0 + \frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L - L$		-					
No.	Indication of zero, $I_0$	Add. load, $\Delta L_0$	$E_0$	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$		load, <i>L</i>	$E_{ m L}$		$E_{\rm L} - E_0$	Corrected value 14
1		·		. =						
2										

1				
2				
3				
4				
5				

If five loadings and readings have been performed:

Average error = average  $(E_L - E_0)$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks. <sup>14</sup> When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

#### Span stability (6.3.3, A.8) (continued) I

IVIE	asurement no. 7					At st	tart	At end	
App	lication no.:			,	Тетр.:				°C
Тур	e designation:				Rel. h.:				%
Obs	erver:				Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
Con	ditions of the				Time:				hh:mm:ss
	surement			Bar	. pres.:				hPa
$E_0 = I$	$J_0 + \frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$	$d - \Delta L - L$		_		·		
No.	Indication of zero, $I_0$	Add. load, $\Delta L_0$	$E_0$	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. le		$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}-E_0$	Corrected value 15
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
If fi Rema	ve loadings and re	adings have beer	n performe	d:	Average	e error	= average	$(E_{\rm L}-E_0)$	
Rema			n performe	d:	Average	e error		$(E_{\rm L}-E_0)$ At end	
Rema	rks:		n performe		Average			At end	°C
Mea App	rks: asurement no. 8		n performe	, 	-			At end	°C %
Mea App Type	rks:  asurement no. 8  lication no.:		n performe	, 	Тетр.:			At end	
Mea App Type Obse	rks:  asurement no. 8 lication no.: e designation:		n performe	, 	Temp.:			At end	%
Mea App Type Obse	rks:  asurement no. 8  lication no.:  de designation:  erver:		n performe		Temp.: Rel. h.: Date:			At end	% yyyy-mm-dd
Mea App Type Obse Con mea	rks:  asurement no. 8  lication no.:  e designation:  erver:  ditions of the			Bar	Temp.:  Rel. h.:  Date:  Time:			At end	% yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss
Mea App Type Obse Con mea	asurement no. 8 lication no.: e designation: erver: ditions of the surement $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$ Indication	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$ Add. load,		Bar	Temp.: Rel. h.: Date: Time: . pres.:	At st		At end	% yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss hPa  Corrected
Remarkable	asurement no. 8 dication no.: e designation: erver: ditions of the surement $I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$	$d - \Delta L - L$	Bar	Temp.: Rel. h.: Date: Time:	At st	tart	At end	% yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss hPa
Remarkable	asurement no. 8 lication no.: e designation: erver: ditions of the surement $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$ Indication	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$ Add. load,	$d - \Delta L - L$	Bar	Temp.: Rel. h.: Date: Time: . pres.:	At st	tart	At end	% yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss hPa  Corrected
Remarkable	asurement no. 8 lication no.: e designation: erver: ditions of the surement $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$ Indication	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$ Add. load,	$d - \Delta L - L$	Bar	Temp.: Rel. h.: Date: Time: . pres.:	At st	tart	At end	% yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss hPa  Corrected
Remains Remai	asurement no. 8 lication no.: e designation: erver: ditions of the surement $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$ Indication	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2}$ Add. load,	$d - \Delta L - L$	Bar	Temp.: Rel. h.: Date: Time: . pres.:	At st	tart	At end	% yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss hPa  Corrected

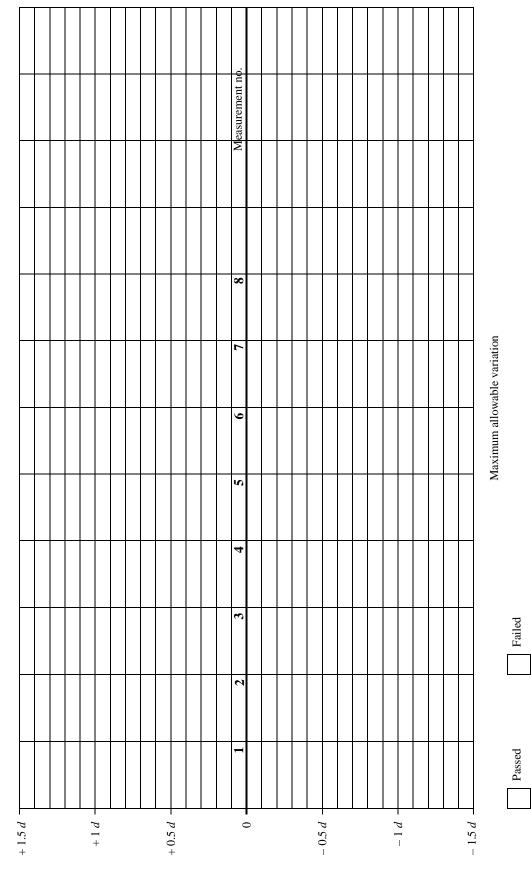
When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

Span stability (A.8)

Application no.:

Type designation:

Plot on the diagram the indication of temperature test, T, damp heat test, D, and disconnections from the mains voltage supply, P



Average error, d

## J Static weighing tests for the control instrument (6.2.1, A.5.3)

# J.1 Accuracy of zero-setting (6.2.1.1, A.5.3.1)

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:	Bar. pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d)				•

Zero-setting mode	$\Delta L$	$E = \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$	MPE

Passed	Failed
--------	--------

### J.2 Determination of weighing performance (6.2.1, A.5.3.2)

## J.2.1 Weighing test (A.5.3.2.1, A.9.3.1)

(Calculation of the error)

			At start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, <i>d</i> :		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:		Bar. pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d)					_
Automatic zero-setting and zero-setting Non-existent  Initial zero-setting > 20 % of	Not in operation	No	Out of working r	range	
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$ $E_c = E - E_0 \text{ with } E_0 = \text{error calc}$	ulated at or near zero (	*)			

Load, L	Indication, I		Add. Δ	Add. load, $\Delta L$		or, E	Corrected	error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
Loau, L	$\downarrow$	<b>↑</b>	$\downarrow$	<b>↑</b>	<b>\</b>	1	<b>↓</b>	<b>↑</b>	
(*)					(*)				

Passed		Failed

Passed

Remarks:

Failed

#### J.2.2 Eccentricity tests (6.2.1.2, A.5.3.2.2)

Note: If operating conditions are such that no eccentricity can occur, eccentricity tests need not be performed.

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:	Bar. pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d)				•
Load (1/n of Max):  Location of test loads for each sect using letters which shall be repeate	ion of the load receptor: mark on a s d in the table below).	ketch (see ex	ample below) the suc	cessive locations of test loads
	a b	c		
Also indicate on the sketch the loca	ation of the display or another percep	ptible part of	the instrument.	
Automatic zero-setting and zero-tr	racking device is:			
Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of workin	g range	
$F = I \pm 1/2 d  \Lambda I  I$				

Section	Load, L	Location	Indication,	Add. load, $\Delta L$	Error	Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
	(*)				(*)		
	(*)				(*)		
	(*)				(*)		
	(*)				(*)		

 $E_{\rm c} = E - E_0$  with  $E_0 =$  error calculated prior to each measurement at or near zero (\*)

_	$\sim$
ר:	u
_	_

## J.2.3 Discrimination test (6.2.1.3, A.5.3.2.3)

					At start	At end		
Application no.:				Temp.:			°C	
Type designation	n:			Rel. h.:			%	
Observer:	_			Date:			yyyy-mm-dd	
Scale interval, d	:	Time:					hh:mm:ss	
Resolution durir	Resolution during test:			Bar. pres.:			hPa	
(smaller than d)	_			_			-	
Load, L	Indication,	$I_1$	Remove load, $\Delta L$	Add. 1/10 <i>d</i>	Extra load = 1.4 <i>d</i>	Indication, I	$I_2$ $I_2 - I_1$	
Passed	Passed Failed							

Remarks:

## J.2.4 Repeatability test (6.2.1.4, A.5.3.2.4)

					At start	At end	
Application no.:			Te	emp.:			°C
Type designation:			Re	el. h.:			%
Observer:			I	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, <i>d</i> :			T	ime:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:			Bar. p	ores.:			hPa
(smaller than d)				_			
Automatic zero-setting and		device is:			Out of working r	ange	
						_	
Load (weighing	1-6)				Load	(weighing 7-12)	
$E=I+\frac{1}{2}d-\Delta L-L$							
No. Indication of load, I	Add. load, $\Delta L$	Error, E		No.	Indication of load, <i>I</i>	Add. load, $\Delta L$	Error, E
1				7	or roud, r		
2				8			
3				9			
4				10			
5				11			
6				12			
$E_{\rm max} - E_{\rm min}$ (weig	ghing 1-6)				$E_{ m max}$ —	$E_{\min}$ (weighing 7-1	2)
	mpe					m	ре
Check if: a) $E \le mp$	e (2.9)						
•	$E_{\min} \le absolute$	e value of mpe	(3.2.7)	)			
Passed	Failed						

## J.2.5 Stability of equilibrium (3.3.5.3, A.6.5)

				At start	At end		
Appl	ication no.:		Temp.:			°C	
Туре	designation:		Rel. h.:			%	
Obse	rver:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd	
Scale	e interval, d:		Time:			hh:mm:ss	
Reso	lution during test:		Bar. pres.:			hPa	
(sma	ller than d)					_	
Auto	omatic zero-setting and ze						
	Non-existent	Not in operation	Out	of working	g range		
In th	e case of printing or data	storage					
No.	Load	First printed or stored		Readii	ng during 5 s after	print-out or storage	
140.	(about 50 % of Max)	after disturbance and	d command	mini	mum value	maximum value	
1	_						
2	_						
3							
4							
5							
	Passed $I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L_0$ e case of zero-setting	Failed					
111 (11	Zero-setting						
	No. Zero-load (*) (< 4 % of Ma	Load, $L_0$ (**) x) (10 $d$ )	Indication after zero-se	, ,	Add. load, $\Delta L$	Error, $E_0$	
	1	(10 u)	and zero-se	atting			
	2						
	3						
	4						
	5						
		I					
(*)		sturb the equilibrium and in a.5.2.2 of R 106-1. Perform		ase zero-se	tting, apply $L_0$ if n	ecessary and calculate	
(**)		if an automatic zero-setting is displayed the first time.	g is in operation	n. $L_0$ shall b	e applied after rele	easing zero-setting,	
	Passed	Failed					
Rema	arks:						

## **K** Weighing (6.1.1, 6.2.1, A.9.3.1)

## K.1 Full draught weighing of static reference wagons (A.9.3.1)

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:  (smaller than d)				
Control instrument is:	Integral		Separate	

#### K.1.1 Uncoupled static wagon weighing (A.9.3.1.1)

#### Uncoupled wagon static weighing:

No.	Reference wagon identification	Total wagon mass	Remarks (*)
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

(*)	) Include a d	lescription	of the o	design o	f the	wagons	(numl	oer of	faxle	s / ł	ogies ,	/ axle	s in	a bogie	; open	or	closed	wagoi	1).

## K.1.2 Static wagon weighing - partially loaded (A.9.3.1.1)

Static wagon weighing (partially loaded):

No.	Reference wagon identification	Total wagon mass	Remarks (*)
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
Mean			
Error			
MPE			

(*) Include a	description of	of the design of	of the wag	gons (numbe	er of axles	/ bogies	/axles in a	bogie; oper	ı or closed	l wagon).
Remarks:										

#### K.2 Partial weighing of reference wagons using separate or integral control instrument (A.9.3.1.2)

			At start	At ellu	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d:		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test: (smaller than <i>d</i> )					
Control instrument is:	Integral	P	artial axle weigh	ing	
Control instrument is.	Separate	P:	artial bogie weig	hing	

#### K.2.1 Empty reference wagons

Partial-draught static weighing (empty):

	Reference		Partial draug	ght weighing		Total	Corrected	2 1 (1)	
No.	wagon ID	1st mass	2nd mass	3rd mass	4th mass	mass ( )	total (**) ( )	Remarks (*)	
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									

<sup>(\*)</sup> Include a description of the design of the wagons (number of axles / bogies /axles in a bogie; open or closed wagon).

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> If applicable, Total to be corrected with the rail alignment correction procedure in R 106-1, Annex B. Corrected total = Total mass – rail alignment correction.

Consideration shall be given to the results of the eccentricity test by placing and weighing the bogies on the same three positions. The differences between the results of the three bogie weighings (also middle compared to both front and rear) for determining the mass of the reference wagon may not exceed one sixth of the applicable error for the wagon weight. The result of the three bogie weighing test shall be correspondingly corrected with the eccentricity errors.

#### K.2.2 Loaded reference wagons

Partial draught static weighing (loaded):

N	Reference		Partial drau	ight weighing		Total	Corrected	D 1 (*)	
No	wagon ID	1st mass	2nd mass	3rd mass	4th mass	mass ( )	total (**)	Remarks (*)	
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									

- (\*) Include a description of the design of the wagons (number of axles / bogies /axles in a bogie; open or closed wagon).
- (\*\*) If applicable, Total to be corrected with the rail alignment correction procedure in R 106-1, Annex B.

Corrected total = Total mass - rail alignment correction)

Consideration shall be given to the results of the eccentricity test by placing and weighing the bogies on the same three positions. The differences between the results of the three bogie weighings (also middle compared to both front and rear) for determining the mass of the reference wagon may not exceed one sixth of the applicable error for the wagon weight. The result of the three bogie weighing test shall be correspondingly corrected with the eccentricity errors.

## K.3 Rail alignment correction (A.9.3.1.3, Annex B)

		At Start	Atellu	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
	Time:			hh:mm:ss
				_
Accuracy class:				
Maximum capacity, a:				
Typical wagon tare weight, b:				
Standard weights required, c:				
$(a - 1.5 \times b, rounded down)$ :				
Scale interval:				
Scale interval for stationary load, $d_s$ :				

		Indicate	d mass (t)
	Position on load receptor	Empty wagon	Loaded wagon
First axle	Leading end Middle Trailing end		
Second axle	Leading end Middle Trailing end		
Total of six	x weighings	x =	y =
Divide tot	al by three		
Derived mass of	f standard weight	z = y - x =	
Alignment	t correction	c – z =	

Note: Please see the example given in R 106-1:2011, Annex B.

#### $\mathbf{L}$ In-motion weighing tests (uncoupled, coupled or train) (6.2.2, A.9.3.2)

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:				
(smaller than d)			•	_

#### L.1 Summary of test data

Modes of operation tested (	6.3)
Uncoupled	
Coupled	
Train	
Direction of coupled wagons (single or dual)	

Operating speed 17	
(2.10, A.6.3, A.9.4)	
Maximum operating	
speed, $v_{\rm max}$	
Minimum operating	
speed, $v_{\min}$	
Site operating speed	
(Site)	

Maximum number of	
wagons per train, $n_{\text{max}}$	
Minimum number of	
wagons per train, $n_{\min}$	
Total number of wagons	
coupled	
Number of reference	
wagons coupled, $n_{ref}$	

		est run est spee		Test run 2 Test speed			Test run 3 Test speed			Test run 4 Test speed			Test run 5 Test speed		
	$v_{ m max}$	$v_{\rm min}$	site	$v_{\rm max}$	$v_{\rm min}$	site	$v_{\rm max}$	$v_{\rm min}$	site	$v_{\rm max}$	$v_{\rm min}$	site	$v_{\rm max}$	$v_{\rm min}$	site
Percentage of reference wagons within MPE															
Percentage of reference wagons within twice MPE															
Sum of masses of reference wagons in train															
Sum of masses from weighbridge															
Train weight															
Pushed or pulled Direction															
(forward or backward)															

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 17}$  The operating speed should not differ from those

a) stated in the *General information concerning the type*,b) on the descriptive marking shown in code.

## L.2 Uncoupled wagon in-motion weighing (6.2.2.2, A.9.3.2.2)

Test speed near $v_{\text{max}}$ :	km/h
Test speed near $v_{\text{max}}$ :	km/

	agon on	n mass	Test (	run 1	Test:	run 2	Test:	run 3	(	run 4	Test (	run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ( )	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks								
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19													
20													
21													
22													
23													
24													
25													
26													
27													
28													
29													
30													

#### L.2.1 Uncoupled wagon in-motion weighing (continued)

Test speed near typical site speed: km/h

	agon on	n mass	Test	run 1	Test:	run 2	Test:	run 3	(	run 4 )		run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ( )	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks						
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19													
20													
21													
22													
23													
24													
25													
26													
27													
28													
29													
30													

### L.2.3 Uncoupled wagon in-motion weighing (continued)

Test speed near $v_{\min}$ :	km/h
------------------------------	------

	uc uogt	n mass	Test (	run 1	Test (	run 2	Test (	run 3	Test (	run 4	Test (	run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ( )	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks								
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19													
20													
21													
22													
23													
24													
25													
26													
27													
28													
29													
30													

### L.3 Coupled wagon or train in-motion weighing (6.2.2.3, A.9.3.3)

Test speed near $v_{\text{max}}$ : km/	Test speed near $v_{\text{max}}$ :		km/h
--	------------------------------------	--	------

	agon on	n mass	Test (	run 1	(	run 2	(	run 3	(	run 4	(	run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ( )	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks								
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19													
20													
21													
22													
23													
24													
25													
26													
27													
28													
29													
30													

#### L.3.1 Coupled wagon or train in-motion weighing (continued)

Test speed near typical site speed: km/h

	agon on	n mass	Test (	run 1	Test:	run 2	Test:	run 3	(	run 4	Test (	run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ( )	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks								
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19													
20													
21													
22													
23													
24													
25													
26													
27													
28													
29													
30													

### L.3.2 Coupled wagon or train weighing (continued)

Test speed near $v_{\min}$ :		km/h
------------------------------	--	------

	agon on	n mass	(	run 1	(	run 2	(	run 3	(	run 4	(	run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ( )	Indicated mass	Епог	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Епог	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19													
20													
21													
22													
23													
24													
25													
26													
27													
28													
29													
30													

### L.3 Coupled wagon or train weighing (continuation report page)

Continuation of report page .....

	agon on	on mass	(	run 1	(	run 2	Test	run 3	(	run 4	(	run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ( )	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks								
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19													
20													
21													
22													
23													
24													
25													
26													
27													
28													
29													
30													

#### M Examination of the construction of the instrument

Use this page to indicate any description or information pertaining to the instrument, additional to that already contained in this report and in the accompanying national type approval or OIML certificate. This may include a picture of the complete instrument, a description of its main components, and any remark which could be useful for authorities responsible for the initial or subsequent verifications of individual instruments built according to the type. It may also include references to the manufacturer description.

Description:

#### N Checklist

The checklist has been developed based on the following principles:

To include requirements that cannot be tested according to tests 1 through 6 above, but shall be checked experimentally or visually, e.g. the descriptive markings (3.11);

To include requirements which indicate prohibitions of some functions, e.g. semi-automatic zero-setting devices shall not be operable during automatic operation (3.2.7.3);

Not to include general requirements, e.g. suitability for use (3.1);

This checklist is intended to serve as a summary of the results of examinations to be performed and not as a procedure. The items on this checklist are provided to recall the requirements specified in R 106-1 and they shall not be considered as a substitution for these requirements.

The requirements that are not included in this type evaluation report (tests E through J and checklist N) are considered to be globally covered by the type approval or OIML certificate (e.g. classification criteria [2.1], suitability for use [3.1]).

For non-mandatory devices, the checklist provides space to indicate whether or not the device exists and, if appropriate, its type. A cross in the box for "present" indicates that the device exists and that it complies with the definition given in the terminology; when indicating that a device is non-existent, also check the boxes to indicate that the tests are not applicable (see A. General information concerning the type).

If appropriate, the results stated in this checklist may be supplemented by remarks given on additional pages.

# N Checklist (continued)

designation:

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
2	A.2	METROLOGICAL REQUIREMENTS			
2.3		<b>Scale interval,</b> <i>d</i> , for all mass indicating and printing devices or	n an instrume	ent is:	
		The same for a particular method of weighing-in-motion and combination of load receptors			
		In the form of $1 \times 10^k$ , $2 \times 10^k$ , or $5 \times 10^k$ , "k" being a positive or negative whole number or zero			
2.4		Scale interval for stationary load, $d_s$ , is:			
		Automatically put out of service if not equal to the scale interval, <i>d</i> , during weighing-in-motion			
		Not readily accessible, and			
		Only used for static testing if the instrument is not verified for use as a non-automatic weighing instrument			
2.5		Minimum capacity: Is not less than 1 t and not greater than the value of the result of the minimum wagon mass divided by the number of partial weighings			
2.6		Minimum wagon mass: Is not less than 50 d			
2.7.1		Static temperature:			
		stated in descriptive markings; or			
		■ -10 °C to +40 °C			
2.7.2		Supply voltage:			
		<ul> <li>AC power supply</li> </ul>			
		■ DC power supply			
		■ Battery power (DC) voltage			
2.8		Units of measurement on the instrument:			•
		kilogram (kg) and tonne (t).			
2.9		Multiple indicating/recording devices			
		Error of any single weighing result by itself does not exceed the mpe for the given load			
		For any given load the difference between the indications of			
		multiple indicating devices, including tare weighing devices, shall be not greater than the absolute value of the maximum			
		permissible error, but shall be zero between digital displaying			
2.10		and printing devices			
2.10		Operating speed  Determined by the instrument as the average speed of the			1
		railway vehicle as it moves over the load receptor			
		The weigh-in motion indication shall include either the speed			
		in km/h at which the entire railway vehicle was weighed in			
3	A.1	motion or a notification of speed fault detection  TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS			
3.2	A.1	Security of operation:			
3,2		Fraudulent use:			
3.2.1		Instrument has no characteristics likely to facilitate its fraudulent use			
3.2.2		Accidental maladjustment: Effect of accidental breakdown or maladjustment is evident			
3.2.3	A.6.4	Interlocks: Prevent the indication and recording of the mass of any wagon to receptor outside specified working conditions for:	hat has trave	lled over th	e load
		minimum operating voltage (2.7.2)			

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
		wagon recognition (3.6)			
		wheel position on the load receptor (3.6)			
	A.6.3	range of operating speeds (2.10)			
		wagon weighment detection			
3.2.4		Uncoupled wagon weighing			•
		Instruments for uncoupled wagon weighing recognize and indicate	e the passage	e of:	
		a) a coupled wagon			
		b) two or more uncoupled wagons so close as to cause either malfunction or errors exceeding the MPE			
		c) whether or not weighing has occurred			
3.2.5		Automatic operation:			
		Instrument is designed for accurate operation in accordance with R 106-1 for a specified period durably in accordance with the intended use of the instrument  Any malfunction is automatically and clearly indicated (e.g. fault indication or automatic switch off)			
	A.1.1	Uncertainties of measurement, significant faults, overload situation, high speed and failure of the instrument are accounted for. Documentation submitted by the manufacturer includes a description of how this requirement is met			
3.2.6	A.5.3	Use for non-automatic weighing operations (Static weighing for integral control instrument):	or		
		The automatic rail-weighbridge is to be used as:			
		An AWI and as a NAWI complies with R 106 and with R 76, and if used as a control instrument its error and uncertainty is less than one-third (if verified immediately before the inmotion tests) or less than one-fifth (if verified at any other time) of the mpe for weighing in motion in 2.2.1			
		An integral control instrument complies with R 106 and its error and uncertainty in static weighing is less than one-third (if verified immediately before the in-motion tests) or less than one-fifth (if verified at any other time) of the mpe for weighing in motion in 2.2.1			
3.2.7	A.5.2	Zero-setting and zero-tracking device:			
		<ul><li>initial zero-setting</li></ul>			
		<ul> <li>automatic zero-setting or zero tracking</li> </ul>			
		semi-automatic zero-setting			
		non-automatic zero-setting			
		■ zero-tracking			
		A semi-automatic zero-setting device shall not be operable			
		during automatic operation			
3.2.7.1	A.5.2.2	Accuracy of zero-setting: Is not more than $\pm 0.25 d$			
3.2.7.2		Maximum effect:		<u> </u>	1
3.2.7.2		Effect of zero-setting shall not alter the maximum weighing			
		capacity of the instrument			
		Zero-setting range = %			
		Initial zero-setting range = %			
3.2.7.3	A.6.5	Control of the zero-setting devices			
		Any combined semi-automatic zero-setting and semi- automatic tare-balancing device is operated by the same key			
		For an instrument with a zero-setting device and a tare- weighing device the control of the zero-setting device shall be separate from that of the tare-weighing device			

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
3.2.7.3	A.5.2.2.2	Control of the zero-setting devices			
	A.6.5	A semi-automatic zero-setting device shall function only:  a) when the instrument is in stable equilibrium b) if it cancels any previous tare operation A non-automatic or semi-automatic zero-setting device shall not be operable during automatic operation			
3.2.7.4		Stability of automatic zero-setting:			
3.2.7.4		<ul> <li>when operating as part of every weighing cycle, it is not possible to disable or set at time intervals</li> <li>description of the operation of the automatic zero-setting device is specified by manufacturer</li> </ul>			
3.2.7.5		Zero-tracking device operates only when:			
		<ul> <li>the indication is at zero</li> </ul>			
		■ in stable equilibrium as specified in 3.3.5.3			
		the corrections are not more than 0.5 d/second			
		Zero-tracking may operate within a range of 4 % of Max around the actual zero indication after a tare operation			
3.3	A.1.3	Indication of weighing results			
3.3.1		Quality of indication:			
		Reading of the primary indications:			
		<ul> <li>is reliable, easy and unambiguous under conditions of normal use</li> </ul>			
		• overall inaccuracy $\leq 0.2 d$ for analog indication			
		size, shape and clarity for easy reading			
		<ul> <li>reading by simple juxtaposition</li> </ul>			
3.3.2		Printing device:			
		Printing is clear and permanent for the intended use			
		Printed figures at least 2 mm high			
		Name or the symbol of the unit of measurement is either to the right or above a column of values, or placed according to national regulation			
3.3.3		Indications for weighing-in-motion operation:			
		Minimum information from each weighing operation is dependent upon the application of the instrument			
		Includes the date, time, operating speed and the instrument identification			
		In the case of wagon weighing each wagon mass			
		In the case of train weighing each train mass and the number of wagons in the train			
		The printout and/or data storage indicating at least:			l.
		The date, time, operating speeds, errors, the instrument identification, each wagon mass, for train weighing the train			
		mass and number of wagons in the train			
		The train mass printout is equal to the mass of the train combination including all wagon mass and excluding the locomotive. If the train includes wagons where no mass was			
		recorded, the total printout must indicate the number of and the wagons missed from the total train mass			
		Scale interval of indications for wagon mass or train mass			
		shall be scale interval, <i>d</i> , in accordance with 2.3  Scale interval of indications for mass values may be to a			
		higher resolution than the scale interval, d			
		Weighing results shall bear the name or symbol of the			
		appropriate unit of mass in accordance with 2.8  Any additional information from the weighing-in-motion			
		operation, i.e. the maximum allowable weighing speed			

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remar	ks
3.3.4		Digital indication:				
		Displays a zero for all places displayed to the right of a decimal point and at least one place to the left				
		When no decimal values are displayed, a zero is displayed for each place of the displayed division (i.e. at least one active				
		decade plus any fixed zeros must be displayed)  Decimal fraction is separated from its integer by a decimal sign, with the indication showing at least one figure to the left of the sign and all figures to the right				
		Decimal sign shall be on one line with the bottom of the figures				
3.3.5		Limits of indication of weighing results:	1		1	
3.3.5.1		Weighing range:				
		<ul> <li>Instruments shall not indicate, record or print the following unless the value is clearly marked with an error code or message:</li> <li>the mass of any locomotive,</li> <li>the mass of any wagon that has not been weighed, or</li> <li>the mass of any wagon that will cause a weighing result less than Min or greater than Max + 9 d,</li> <li>the mass of any wagon where the instrument has detected a speed fault condition.</li> <li>These values may be separated from the other weighing values</li> </ul>				
3.3.5.2		Roll back:	1		1	
		No alteration of indicated values of wagon mass due to any part of any wagon travelling over the load receptor more than once, unless the wagon is been reweighed				
3.3.5.3		Stable equilibrium:			-	
		<ul> <li>a) the condition of the instrument is such that the indicated mass of each separate weighing test does not deviate more than 1 d<sub>s</sub> from the final weight value (T.3.9), and</li> <li>b) in the case of zero operations a correct operation of the device according to 3.2.7 and A.6.5 within relevant accuracy requirements is achieved</li> </ul>				
3.4		Totalizing device:	Present [ ]	Not p	resent [	]
		a) automatic				
		b) semi-automatic				
3.5		Data storage device:				
		The measuring instrument shall record by a durable means the measurement result accompanied by information to identify the particular transaction. And a durable proof of the measurement result and the information to identify the transaction shall be available on request at the time the measurement is concluded	Durant	l N-4		1
		in the memory of the instrument (hard drive),	Present [		present [	
		<ul> <li>removable external storage</li> <li>Stored data is adequately protected against intentional and unintentional changes during the transfer and storage process</li> </ul>	Present [	] Not	present [	
		Stored data contains all relevant information necessary to reconstruct an earlier measurement				
		Securing of data storage:				
		The requirements for security of software given in 3.8 are				
		applied as appropriate  If software realizing the data storage can be transmitted to or downloaded into the instrument these processes shall be secured in accordance with 3.9				
		External storage devices, identification and security attributes shall be automatically verified to ensure integrity and authenticity				

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
		Exchangeable storage media for storing measurement data need not be sealed provided that the stored data is secured by a specific checksum or key code  When storage capacity is exhausted, new data may replace the oldest data provided that the owner of the old data has authorized the data replacement			
3.6		Wagon recognition device:			
		a) detects the presence of a wagon in the weigh zone and detects when the whole wagon has been weighed			
		b) generates an error message or prevents the indication or recording of the wagon mass if it travels in the wrong direction if only one direction of travel is specified for an instrument			
3.7		Installation		I	
3.7.1		General			
		The weighbridge is installed so as to minimize any adverse effects of the installation environment. The space between the load receptor and ground shall allow all covered parts of the load receptor to be kept free from all debris or other matter that could affect the accuracy of the instrument. Details of installation (e.g. site levels, length of aprons) which may affect the weighing operation, and the following effects on the weighing results should be taken into account:  lateral forces due to interactions of the control instrument with the railway vehicle forces on part of the railway vehicle by different transient behavior and friction within the axle suspensions forces on part of the aprons if there are different levels between the control instrument and ramp that could lead to varying distribution of the axle load  a) automatic rail-weighbridges manufactured and installed to minimize any adverse effects of the installation environment  b) the space between the load receptor and ground shall allow all covered parts of the load receptor to be kept free from all debris or other matter that could affect the accuracy of the instrument			
3.7.2		Composition:			
		Instruments comprise any of the following:			
		a) one or more load receptors			
		b) aprons			
		c) vehicle-type identification devices			
		d) indicating, recording or printing device			
		e) data processing module			
3.7.3		Ease of static testing: Accessible to vehicles moving test weight if used as a control instrument			
3.7.4		Drainage If the weighing mechanism is contained in a pit, there shall be a provision for drainage to ensure that no portion of the instrument becomes submerged or partially submerged in water or any other liquid			
3.8		Software requirements:			
		Legally relevant software of the instrument is identified by the manufacturer			
3.8.1	A.1.1	Software documentation:			
		a) description of the legally relevant software			
		b) description of the accuracy of the measuring algorithms			<u> </u>

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
		c) description of the user interface, menus and dialogues			
		d) the unambiguous software identification			
		e) description of the embedded software			
		f) overview of the system hardware, e.g. block diagram, type of computer(s), software source code, etc., if not described in the operating manual			
		g) means of securing software			
		h) operating manual			
3.8.2		Means of securing			
		a) legally relevant software shall be adequately protected against accidental or intentional changes			
		b) the software shall be assigned with appropriate software identification. This software identification shall be adapted in the case of every software change that may affect the functions and accuracy of the instrument			
		c) functions performed or initiated via connected interfaces, i.e. transmission of legally relevant software, shall comply with the securing requirements for interfaces of 4.3.5			
3.9	A.2.4	Means of securing			
3.9.1		There shall be adequate security and tests conducted to ensure that:			1
		a) fitted with a securing means, or			
		b) enclosed			
		c) if enclosed, the enclosure is sealed			
		d) transmission of legally relevant software and device- specific parameters via interfaces shall be secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with requirements of 4.3.5.2			
		e) the securing possibilities available in an instrument shall be such that separate securing of the settings is possible			
		f) stored data shall be secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with the data storage requirements of 3.5			
		g) securing provided on all parts of the measuring system which cannot be materially protected in any other way against operations liable to affect the measurement accuracy			
3.9.2		Means of securing:			
		a) hardware and/or software means of security to restrict			
		access to authorized persons only b) records of interventions including the date and a means of identifying the authorized person making the intervention (see a) above):			
		<ul> <li>can be memorized, accessed and displayed</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>traceability of the interventions is assured for at least the period of time in between periodical verifications depending on national legislation</li> </ul>			
		c) software functions are secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with 3.8			
		d) transmission of legally relevant data via interfaces secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with 4.3.5.2			
		e) securing possibilities available in an instrument shall be such that separate securing of the settings is possible			
		f) stored data shall be secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with 3.5			
3.10		Span adjustment:	1	1	1
		a) automatic or a semi-automatic span adjustment device incorporated inside the instrument			

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
		b) external influence upon this device shall be practically impossible after securing			
3.11	A.2.3	Descriptive markings:	•		•
3.11.1		Markings shown in full:			
		identification mark and / or name of the manufacturer			
		<ul> <li>identification mark and / or name of the importer (if</li> </ul>			
		applicable)			
		designation of the instrument			
		serial number of the instrument and modules			
		maximum wagon masskg or t			
		minimum wagon mass kg or t			
		can be used to weigh wagons carrying liquids or other products that may be subjected to fluctuations in its			
		gravity center with wagon movement (if applicable)  number of partial-draught weighings per wagon (if applicable)			
		■ maximum operating speedkm/h (if applicable)			
		<ul> <li>direction of weighing (if applicable)</li> </ul>			
		<ul><li>wagons pushed/pulled (whichever is applicable)</li></ul>			
		■ supply voltage V			
		■ mains frequency (if applicable) Hz			
		■ temperature range (when not –10 °C to 40 °C)			
		• software identification, (compulsory for software			
21121		controlled instruments)			
3.11.2.1		Markings shown in code:  type approval sign in accordance with national	1		<u> </u>
		requirements			
		<ul> <li>accuracy class wagon mass (each weighing method, if applicable)</li> <li>0.2, 0.5, 1 or 2</li> </ul>			
		■ maximum capacity; Max = kg or t			
		■ minimum capacity; Min = kg or t			
		scale interval; $d = \dots$ kg or t			
		scale interval for stationary load, $d_s$ (if applicable)kg or t			
		■ maximum operating speed; $v_{\text{max}} = \dots km/h$			
		• minimum operating speed; $v_{min} = \dots km/h$			
3.11.2.2		For train weighing:			
		• maximum number of wagons per train; $nw_{\text{max}} = \dots$			
		• minimum number of wagons per train; $nw_{\min} = \dots$			
3.11.3		Supplementary markings:			
		As required: (please list)			
3.11.4		Presentation of descriptive markings:			
		■ indelible			
		<ul> <li>may be either in the national language or in form of adequate, internationally agreed and published pictograms or signs</li> </ul>			
		size, shape and clarity that allows easy reading			
		grouped together in a clearly visible place			
		plate bearing markings to be sealed, unless it cannot be removed without being destroyed  plate bearing markings to be sealed, unless it cannot be removed without being destroyed			
		The descriptive markings may be shown on a display which is controlled by software provided that:	ı		ı

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
, , ,	•	at least Max, Min and d shall be displayed as long as the instrument is switched on			
		the other marking may be shown on manual command			
		it must be described in the type approval (OIML) certificate			
		the markings are considered as device-specific			
		when a display controlled by software is used, the plate of the			
		<ul> <li>instrument shall bear at least the following markings:</li> <li>Max, Min and d shown near the display</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>type approval sign in accordance with national</li> </ul>			
		requirements  name or identification mark of the manufacturer			
		supply voltage			
		AC mains frequency, (if applicable)			
3.12	A.2.4	Verification marks			
3.12.1	A.2.4	Position:			
3.12.1					
		cannot be removed without damaging the marks			
		allows easy application of marks			
		<ul> <li>visible without the instrument having to be removed</li> </ul>			
3.12.2		Mounting:	I		1
		<ul> <li>verification mark support ensures conservation of the marks</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>the type and method of sealing shall be determined by national prescription</li> </ul>			
		TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS			_
4		General requirements			
4.3	A.1.4	Functional requirements			
4.3.1		Acting upon a significant fault:			
		By verifying the compliance with documents or by simulating faults check that:			
		either the instrument is made inoperative automatically,			
		a visual or audible indication is provided automatically and continues until the user takes action or the fault disappears			
4.3.2		Upon switch-on:  relevant signs of indicator are active and non-active for sufficient time to be checked by operator			
4.3.4		Warm-up time:			
		no indication or transmission of weighing results			
		<ul> <li>automatic operation is inhibited</li> </ul>			
4.3.5		Interfaces:			
		Instrument with interface(s) shall continue to function			
		correctly and its metrological functions shall not be influenced			
4.3.5.1		Interface documentation:			
		The manufacturer shall provide documentation on all interfaces comprising of at least:			
		a) a list of all commands (e.g. menu items)			
		b) description of the software interface			
i		c) a list of all commands together			
		d) a brief description of their meaning and their effect on the functions and data of the instrument			

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
4.3.5.2	•	Securing of interfaces:			
		Interfaces shall not allow the legally relevant software and functions of the instrument and its measurement data to be inadmissibly influenced by other interconnected instruments,			
		or by disturbances acting on the interface  Interfaces through which the functions mentioned above			
		cannot be performed or initiated, need not be secured. Other interfaces shall be secured and tests conducted to ensure that:			
		a) data is protected (e.g. with a protective interface) against accidental or deliberate interference during the transfer			
		b) all functions in the software interface are subjected to the software securing requirements in 3.8			
		c) all functions in the hardware interface are subjected to the hardware securing requirements in 3.9			
		d) metrologically relevant parts of the target instrument are included in the initial verification (or equivalent conformity assessment procedures)			
		e) easily possible to verify the authenticity and integrity of data transmitted to and from the instrument			
		f) functions performed or initiated by other connected instruments through the interfaces meet the appropriate requirements of R 106			
		Other instruments required by national regulation to be connected to the interfaces of an instrument shall be secured to automatically inhibit the operation of the instrument for reasons of the non-presence or improper functioning of the required device			
4.3.6	A.6.4	AC mains power supply:			I.
		<ul> <li>maintains metrological information for 24 hours after voltage failure</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>emergency switch-over does not cause significant fault</li> </ul>			
4.3.7	A.6.4	DC main or rechargeable power supply			
		An instrument that operates from the DC mains supply, or rechargeable supply shall, whenever the voltage drops below the minimum operating voltage, either:			
		<ul> <li>continue to function correctly, or</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>automatically be put out of service</li> </ul>			
5.1.1	A.1.1	Type approval documentation	ı		1
		<ul> <li>metrological characteristics of the instrument</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>a standard set of specifications for the instrument</li> <li>a functional description of the components and devices</li> <li>(4.3)</li> </ul>			
		drawings, diagrams and general software information (if applicable), explaining the construction and operation			
		<ul> <li>description and application of securing components, interlocks, adjustment devices, controls, fault indication function, etc. (3.2.3, 3.2.5, 3.9, 3.10)</li> </ul>			
		■ printing devices (3.3.2)			
		data storage device (3.5)			
		■ zero-setting devices (3.2.7)			
		• connection of different load receptors (2.3, 6.2.1.5)			
		interfaces (types, intended use, immunity to external influences instructions (3.9, 4.3.5)			
		<ul> <li>for software controlled instruments general software information (3.8, 3.11.5)</li> <li>description of the stable equilibrium function of the</li> </ul>			
		instrument (3.3.5.3)			

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
	-	drawing or photo of the instrument showing the principle and the location of control marks, securing marks, descriptive and verification marks (3.11, 3.12)			
		<ul> <li>any document or other evidence demonstrating that the design and construction of the instrument complies with the requirements of (5.1.1)</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>operating instructions, operating manual</li> </ul>			
6.1		Test standards			
6.1.1		Control instruments for reference wagon weighing:			
		Full draught weighing on:			
		<ul> <li>integral control instrument, or</li> </ul>	Present [	] Not	-Present [ ]
		<ul> <li>separate control instrument</li> </ul>	Present [	] Not	-Present [ ]
		<ul> <li>control instrument for bogie partial weighing</li> </ul>	Present [	] Not	-Present [ ]
6.1.1.1		Accuracy of control instruments:			
		<ul> <li>combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test</li> <li>combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the</li> </ul>			
		weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum permissible error for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1  combined error and uncertainty of separate control			
		instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one- fifth of the mpe for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1  for re-verification tests combined error and uncertainty of			
		control instrument (separate and integral) following completion of reference wagon weighing shall be as specified for the appropriate control instrument			
		<ul> <li>takes into account the combined error and uncertainty obtained from a calibration recently before (and if appropriate, after) the verification, and under about the same environmental conditions</li> </ul>			
6.1.1.2	A.5.3	Integral control instrument:			
		have an appropriate scale interval or scale interval for stationary load (2.4), and			
		• comply with the requirements in 6.2.1, or			
		<ul> <li>a similar accuracy must be assured by a defined test procedure which is described in the type approval</li> </ul>			
6.1.1.3		Partial weighing of reference wagons:	1	ı	1
		it shall have a scale interval for stationary load (2.4)			
		it shall comply with the requirements in 6.2.1, and			†
		the alignment correction test for single-axle weighing instruments in Annex B shall be successfully applied			
6.1.2		Test weights used for type examination or verification:			
		■ meet the metrological requirements of OIML R 111			
		<ul> <li>combined error and uncertainty of test weights is less than one-fifth of the mpes in 2.2.2 of the instrument to be verified for the load</li> </ul>			
		For testing control instruments for bogie partial weighing:	•	•	•
		a special test railway vehicle with known mass shall be used (e.g. a normal three-axle-bogie with a platform for the standard test weights)			
6.2		Weighing methods	1		
6.2.2		Devices for selection (or switching) between various load receptors, load-transmitting devices and load-measuring devices			

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
6.2.2.1		Compensation of no-load effect			
		The selection device compensates for the unequal no-load effect of the various load receptors and/or load-transmitting devices in use			
6.2.2.2		Zero-setting			
		Zero setting of an instrument with any multiple combination of various load-measuring devices and various load receptors shall be possible without ambiguity and in accordance with the requirements of 3.2.7			
6.2.2.3		Weighing shall not be possible while selection devices are being used  Weighing shall not be possible while selection devices are being used			
6.2.2.4		Identification of the combinations used			
		Combinations of load receptors and load measuring devices used shall be readily identifiable.  It shall be clearly visible which indication(s) correspond to which load receptor(s)			
6.2.3		In-motion weighing:			
		Reference wagons used for testing represent the range of wagons available in the appropriate Member State and for which the instrument is intended			
		Modes of operation:			
		Reference wagons shall be selected to cover, as far as practicable, each mode of operation for which the instrument is to be approved including:			
		■ loaded or empty wagons			
		<ul><li>pushing or pulling</li></ul>			
		■ range of operating speed (Min, Max and Site), and			
		• one or both directions			
		Wagons carrying liquid loads or other products that may be subjected to fluctuations in their gravity center when the wagon moves, shall be used as reference wagons only if the automatic rail-weighbridge will be applied subsequently for determining the mass of such wagons			
6.2.2.3		Coupled wagon or train in-motion weighing:			
		The test train shall comprise a number of wagons equal to the minimum number of wagons in accordance with Table 6 that the automatic rail-weighbridge is intended to weigh in motion			